

STD -V

SOCIAL STUDIES

LESSON - 10(OUR STATES AND UNION TERRITORIES)

Answer these questions:

Q1. How many states and union territories does India have?

Ans. There are 28 states and 9 union territories in India.



Q2. Name three harvest festivals of India.

Ans. Three harvest festivals of India:-

- Baisakhi Punjab)
- Bihu (Assam)
- Onam (Kerala)



Q3 Name one North Indian and one South Indian dance.

Ans. Kathak is a classical dance form of North India while Bharatanatyam is a classical dance of South India.



Q4. What do Ghoomar dancer usually wear?

Ans. Ghoomar is a folk dance of Rajasthan and dancers usually wear ghagra - choli.



Q5. Name three places with famous temples in different regions of India. Mention the region too.

Ans. * Somnath Temple in Gujarat - western India.

*** Meenakshi temple in Tamil Nadu _-Southern India.**

*** Mahabodhi Temple in Bihar-Eastern India.**



Q6. Write about the food festival and dances of Western India.

Ans. FOOD -

- * Gujarat is famous for its vegetarian snacks such as Dhokla and Khakhra.
- * The people living near the coast eat a lot of fish.
- * Pav Bhaji is a much-loved dish of Maharashtra while dal baati is popular in Rajasthan.



FESTIVALS:

- * Ganesh Chaturthi, Dussehra, Diwali, Eid ul Fitr and Christmas are a few festivals that are celebrated in western India.





- * Teej and Gangaur are celebrated in Rajasthan only.

Dance:

- * Garba and Dandiya are the two folk dances of Gujarat.
- * Ghoomar is a folk-dance form of Rajasthan.
- * Lavani is a folk dance of Maharashtra.



लावणी



Q7. Give two examples to show that the common dishes of a region contain things that are found or grown in the region.

Ans. * Dhokla and Khakhra are the famous snacks of Gujarat. These dishes are made from gram flour because gram grows well in this region.

*** Rice and coconut grow well in South India. So, the region has many dishes that use rice, like dosa and idli. Coconut is also a very important ingredient of their food.**



Q8. Name the hills that make up the Purvanchal.

Ans.* Garo

***Khasi**

***Jaintia**

***Naga,**

***Mizo,**

***Lushai &**

***Patkai are the hills that make up the Purvanchal.**



Q9. Why Delhi is called NCT?

Ans. Delhi is the capital of our country and it is also a union territory. So, Delhi is called National Capital Territory or NCT.

Fill in the blanks:-

- 1. The popular bhangra dance is from _____(Punjab).**
- 2. In _____ part of India is konkani commonly spoken. (Western)**
- 3. In _____ part of India is bamboo shoot commonly eaten. (North-eastern)**
- 4. _____ festivals shares its name with a kind of dance. (Bihu)**
- 5. _____ is the capital of Tripura. (Agartala)**
- 6. _____ is a Union Territory that spread over three states. (Puducherry).**